Dairy BJD Assurance Score Declaration Form

Version 3: July 2009

PROPERTY DETAILS					Version	5. July 2003
Trading name:						
Address of property:						
Property Identification Code (PIC)						
Animal description	<u> </u>			<u> </u>		
No;breed;sex;type eg weaners						
NOTE : Please provide a different form for cattle	of different Dairy S	Scores				
PART A – HERD BASE SCORE DETERM Applies to the lowest Score animal in the herd. S		only				
Australian Johne's Disease Market Assurance	Program for Catt	le (CattleN	/AP)			
The herd is in the CattleMAP. The herd has a biosecurity		MN3	Expiry	date:	Cert.No	10 🗌
program in place which is audited annually and	•	MN2	Expiry		Cert.No	
one or more whole herd tests with negative rest	ults.		+			9 🗆
(select one score only and provide CattleMAP status expiry date and certificate number)		MN1	Expiry	date:	Cert.No	8 🗆
Herd tested negative						
The herd is not known or suspected to be infec	ted and has a test	ed negativ	e status	of either:		7 🗆
(Tick applicable status - see explanatory notes.)			o otatao	or oldrion.		
☐ Tested 4 Year old or ☐ Tested to MAP Standard, or ☐ Check Tested Name of Approved vet: Date of test						1
				24.0 0. 1001		
Approved BJD Control Program						
BJD has been diagnosed in the herd in the past but an approved BJD control program Restricted 2 Postricted 1						6 🗆
has been implemented and the herd's current	Restricted 1					5 🗆
official status is: Tested Low Prevalence					4 🗆	
(select one score only)	Tested Moderate Prevalence					3 🗆
,	Tested High Prevalence or untested but on an approved control program					2 🗆
	I.					
Infected or Suspect herds Herd is known or suspected to be infected and	has not been test	ed or had	an annro	wed BJD control pro	ogram	1 🗆
implemented	That hat book took		ан аррго	vod Bob control pro		
Non-Assessed herds						
The herd has not recently been tested but is not known to be Infected or Suspect and is located in: (select one score only)		Free Zone				10 🗌
		Protected Zone- apart from NSW				
		Control or Residual Zones or any part of NSW				7 🗆
		Control	Ji Nesiat	al Zones of any par	LOTINOV	0
Non-Assessed Herds on long term approved of	alf rearing progra	ıms				
Herd has not recently been tested but is not known implemented and audited for the past 4 years of			ct and JE	OCAP or 3-Step Calt	Plan has been	4 🗆
Herd has not recently been tested but is not known to be infected or suspect and the JDCAP or an auditable 3-Step Calf						3 🗆
Plan was implemented prior to July 1, 2008.						
PART B – CALF CREDIT POINTS (IF AP	PLICABLE-SEE	NOTES	OVER	LEAF)		
Approved calf rearing programs						Score
These calves have been reared for the first 12 months of their lives, under an audited JDCAP.						+3 🗌
Certificate No. Years of participation:						
These calves have been reared in accordance with the 3-Step Calf Plan for the first 12 months of their lives.						+1 🗌
PART C - TOTAL SCORE FOR CATTLE	(Con only ove	eed 7 in	Cattle	MAP herds) =		
	-					
Part A base score + Part B calf credits	=			—		
Part A base score + Part B calf credits PART D - For Cattle introduced into you	= ur herd as adul	ts and b	_			
Part A base score + Part B calf credits PART D - For Cattle introduced into you	= ur herd as adul	ts and b	_			
Part A base score + Part B calf credits PART D - For Cattle introduced into you I hold a declaration form relating to the purchase	= ur herd as adul	ts and b	_			
	= ur herd as adul	ts and b	_		Date	

I declare that the information on this form is correct and I attest that I have documentary evidence to

substantiate this declaration

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EXPLANATORY NOTES

PART A - HERD SCORE

Johne's disease Market Assurance Program (MAP)

MN1 to MN3 are Monitored Negative statuses in the Australian Johne's Disease Market Assurance Program for Cattle (CattleMAP).

The herd's approved veterinarian issues a herd status certificate that is valid for 12 months.

Herd Tested Negative

Check tested, Tested 4 Year Old and Tested to MAP Standard are statuses allocated to herds that have had a negative test by a veterinarian approved by a state jurisdiction to carry out official BJD testing. A Check Test is a test of 50 adult cattle (2 years of age and older) in the herd that are most likely to be infected in the previous 12 months. Tested 4 Year Old and Tested to MAP Standard are tests of all or up to 300 of the cattle over 4 years old and 2 years old respectively in the previous 24 months, and these statuses can be maintained by a Check Test every 24 months.

Approved BJD control programs

An approved BJD control program is approved by the State or Territory animal health authority for an infected herd.

The authority allocates the herd status to reflect the stage of the herd's progress.

To attain and retain a status of Tested High Prevalence, Tested Moderate Prevalence or Tested Low Prevalence, a herd would also have to implement a disease program comprising at least:

- Individual animal identification
- 3-step calf rearing plan
- immediate culling of clinical cases
- herd retest at a maximum interval of 2 years to maintain or progress status
- culling priority for reactors and other high risk animals at the end of lactation
- introductions of same or higher assurance score

Tested High Prevalence herds have 4% or more of cattle that are 4 years and older) test positive by ELISA (blood test), or have not been tested (3% or more of 2 years and older cattle). Tested Moderate Prevalence herds have between 2% and 4 % test positive by ELISA among cattle that are 4 years and older (or between 1.5% and 3% in 2 years and older cattle). A Tested Low Prevalence herd has 2% or less ELISA positives among cattle that are 4 years and older (or 1.5% or less in cattle 2 years and older).

Restricted 1 and Restricted 2 are statuses for infected herds that have had one and two consecutive negative herd tests respectively in an official control program, as per the Standard Definitions and Rules for BJD.

Approved calf rearing programs

Young animals are most susceptible to becoming infected with BJD. The risk of calves becoming infected can be lowered by reducing their exposure to infected cattle and contaminated environments on the farm.

The JD Calf Accreditation Program (JDCAP) is a voluntary comprehensive audited program that has been implemented on some dairy farms in Victoria and is a compulsory part of participation in the Victorian Test and Control Program from 2003 onwards.

The 3-Step Calf Plan is a voluntary calf rearing program that can be included in dairy factory audited on-farm QA programs.

The following three steps are management practices that minimise the risk of spread of BJD infection in cattle under 12 months:

- Calves should be taken off the cow within 12 hours of birth.
- Management of the calf rearing area should ensure that no effluent from animals of susceptible species comes into contact with the calf.
- Calves up to 12 months should not be reared on pastures that have had adult stock that are known to carry BJD on them during the last 12 months.

Infected and suspect herd

The herd is classified by the animal health authority as infected or suspect and has not been tested to achieve a status under sections above.

Non-assessed herds

Herds that are not known or suspected to be infected, and have not qualified for one of the above statuses by testing, are classified as Non-Assessed. The risk that they are infected is determined by their location. If you are unsure of your Zone, please contact your local state government animal health office. Dairy herds in NSW and Control or Residual Zones that have not been tested or implemented an auditable hygienic calf rearing program have a Herd Base Score of 0.

PART B - CALF CREDITS

Only calves that have been reared under JDCAP or the 3-Step Calf Plan are eligible for calf credits. Individual calves that are classified in an approved BJD control program as having a high risk of being infected are not eligible for calf credits.

PART C - TOTAL SCORE FOR CATTLE

Scores for individual animals are calculated by adding the Herd Base Score from Part A and any eligible calf credits from Part B. Calves reared under JDCAP can attain a maximum of Score 7 which is maintained for life eg. base Score 4+3 JDCAP credit points. The animals must have been reared under the JDCAP program for 12 months-although this may not necessarily have been continuous on the same property.

PART D – FOR CATTLE INTRODUCED INTO YOUR HERD AS ADULTS AND BEING RESOLD

If you are selling cattle originally purchased into your herd as adults and you hold a Declaration Form relating to the purchase, these cattle retain their original Dairy Score unless they are from CattleMAP herds entering non-MAP herds, when their maximum Dairy Score is 7.